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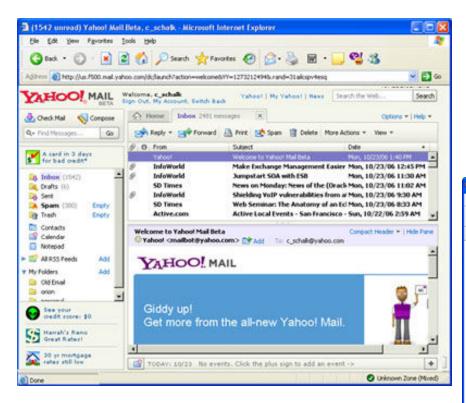


Oracle ADF 11g: Building Rich Internet Applications with ADF Faces and Task Flows

Steve Muench
Consulting Product Manager
Oracle ADF Development Team



Web 2.0 User Interfaces

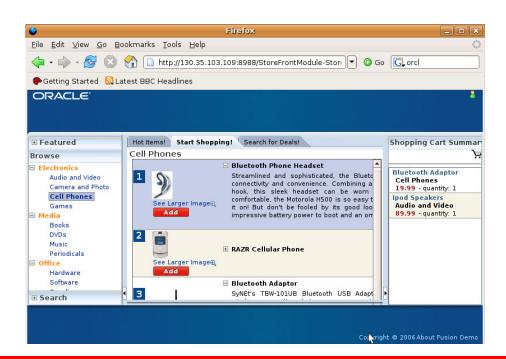






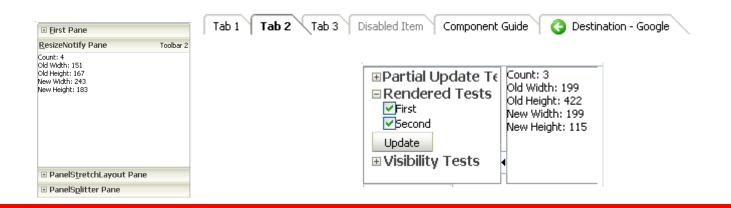
ADF Faces Rich Client 11g

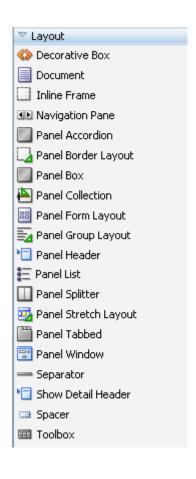
- 150+ AJAX enabled JavaServer Faces (JSF) components
- Data Visualization components
 - Graphs, Gauges, Maps, Gantt, Hierarchy Viewer
- More than just components a framework
- More than just easy a Java EE Standard



Layout Components

- Arrange your page using areas
- Change page layout at runtime
 - Splitter, Accordion
- Advanced layouts
 - Tabbed, Panel Collection
- Use in a Page Template for Consistent Look and Feel Throughout Your Application





Page Templates and Layout Components

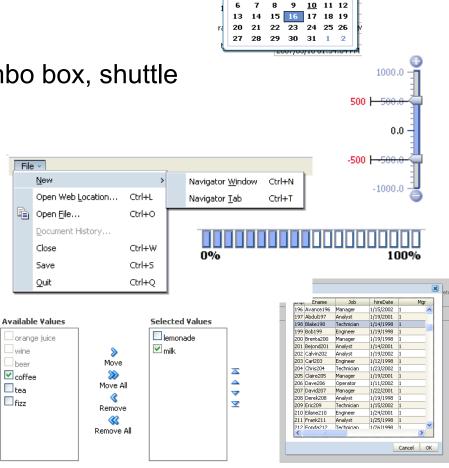
Drag and Drop Databinding

- You Focus on the What, Not the How!
- Sophisticated Search Capbilities
- Declarative Data Synchronization
- View the Same Data Collections Multiple Ways

Drag and Drop Databinding

Common Components

- Regular components
 - Text items, buttons, check boxes, radio buttons
- List selection components
 - Single select, multiple select, combo box, shuttle
- Data layout components
 - Table, tree, tree table
- Choosers
 - Choose date, choose color
- Menus
- Popup Windows
- Others
 - Progress bar, bread crumbs ...



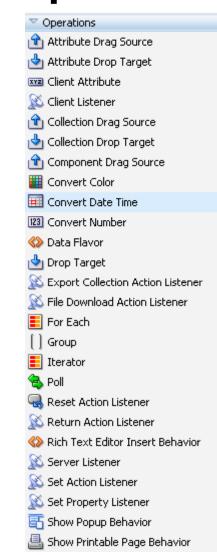
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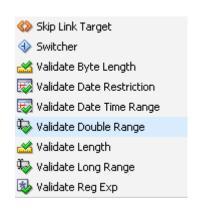
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Common Components

Operation Components

- Validators
- Convertors
- Drag and drop
- Pop up
- Poll
- Listeners
- Export
- Print





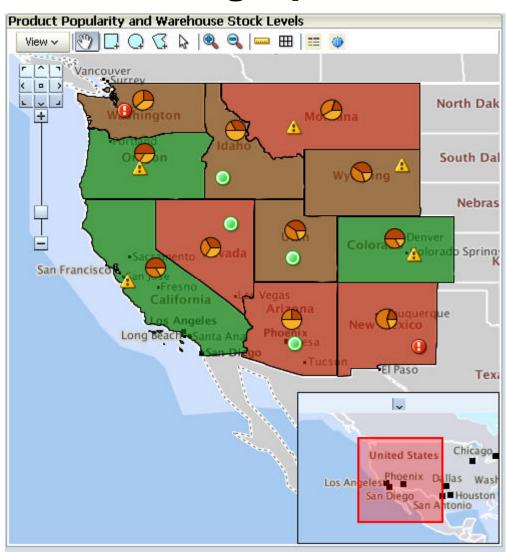
Menus and Operation Components

Declarative Popup Windows

ADF Data Visualization Geographic

Map

- Represents business data on a geographic map
- Supports superimposing multiple layers of information on a single map
- Available Map types are:
 - Thematic
 - Pie
 - Bar
 - Point



Map Component

ADF Faces Visualization components

Graphs

- 50 graph types
- Flash or SVG rendering
- Interactive: zoom, scroll, time selector window, line and legend highlighting/fading, dynamic reference lines and areas

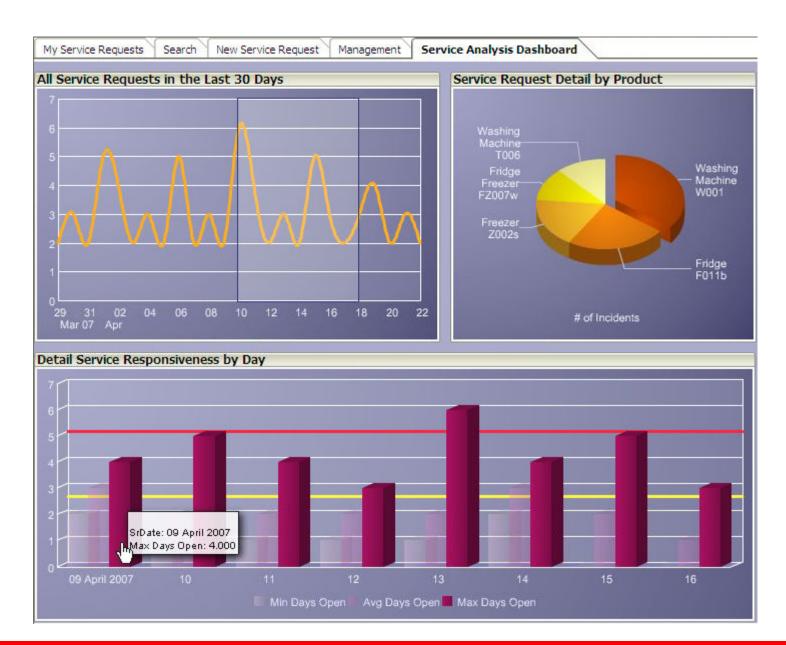
Gauge

- Dial: standard and threshold
- Status Meter: standard and threshold
- LED



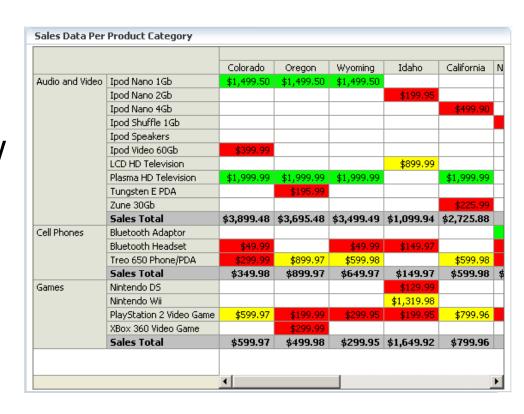


Data Visualization



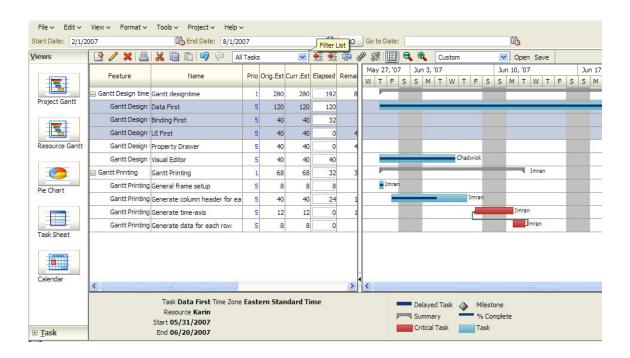
ADF Data Visualization Pivot Table

- Multiple layers of data labels on a row or a column edge
- Automatic calculation of subtotals and totals
- Drag and drop pivoting



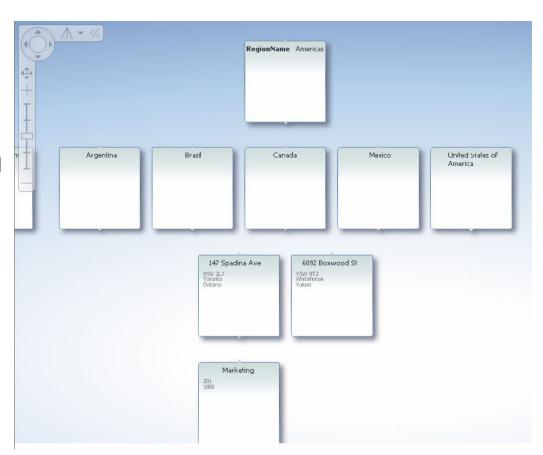
ADF Data Visualization Gantt Chart

- Track tasks and resources on a Time
- Gantt Chart types
 - Project Gantt
 - Scheduling Gantt



Hierarchy Viewer

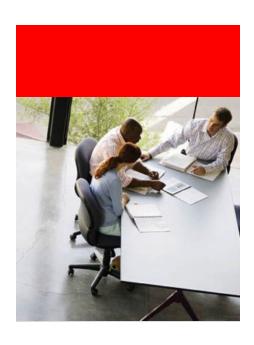
- VisualizeRelationships
- Dynamic navigation
- Zoom
- Flash based



ADF Faces RC - Framework

- Dialog and popup framework
- Drag-and-drop framework
- Navigation menu framework
- Partial page rendering
- Active data framework
- Advanced data streaming
- Complete JavaScript API
- Templating
- Skinning
- Accessibility



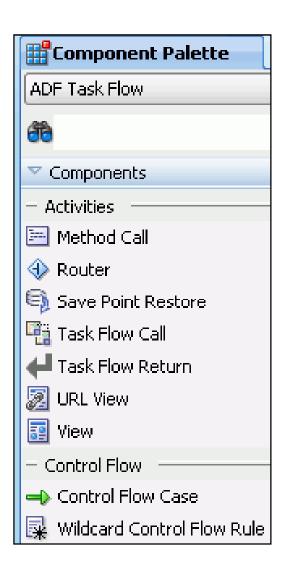


What is ADF Taskflow?

- An extension to the JSF standard page flow engine
- Addresses some key enterprise requirements:
 - Page re-use
 - Executing code in a flow (hence task flow not page flow)
 - Security
 - Flow control
 - Exception and transaction management
- Defined using a page flow diagram
 - Just like JSF but with more components
- Also allows definition of managed beans just like facesconfig.xml

Key Concepts

- View Activity
- Transitions (navigation rules)
- Method Execution
- Router
- Exception handling



What we say, what we mean

- Unbounded Taskflow
 - Serve as the entry point to an application
 - First entry on task flow stack the outer-most task flow
 - No well-defined boundary or single point of entry
 - Used to define the "top level" flow of an application
 - Used to build menu models
- Bounded Taskflow
 - Reusable "white box" navigation and processing
 - Single point of entry
 - Well-defined boundary
 - Own memory scope
 - Declarative transaction management
 - Declarative Back button support
 - Input/output parameters

Key Navigation Components

■/lethod Call

- Invokes application logic within application control flows, not within the page markup itself as in standard JSF applications.
- The method call activity typically invokes a method on a managed bean

◆ Router

Evaluates an EL expression and returns an outcome based on the value of the expression

save Point and Restore

 Restores a previous persistent Save Point in an application supporting save for later functionality

• Task Flow Call

Calls an ADF bounded task flow from a particular point in an application

#ask Flow Return

 Identifies when a bounded task flow completes and sends control flow back to the caller

Key Navigation Components

• III JRL View

 Redirects the root view port (for example, a browser page) to any URL addressable resource, even from within the context of an ADF region

• 💷 /iew

 Displays a JSF page or page fragment. Multiple View activities can represent the same page or same page fragment

Ontrol Flow Case

Identifies how control passes from one activity to the next in the application

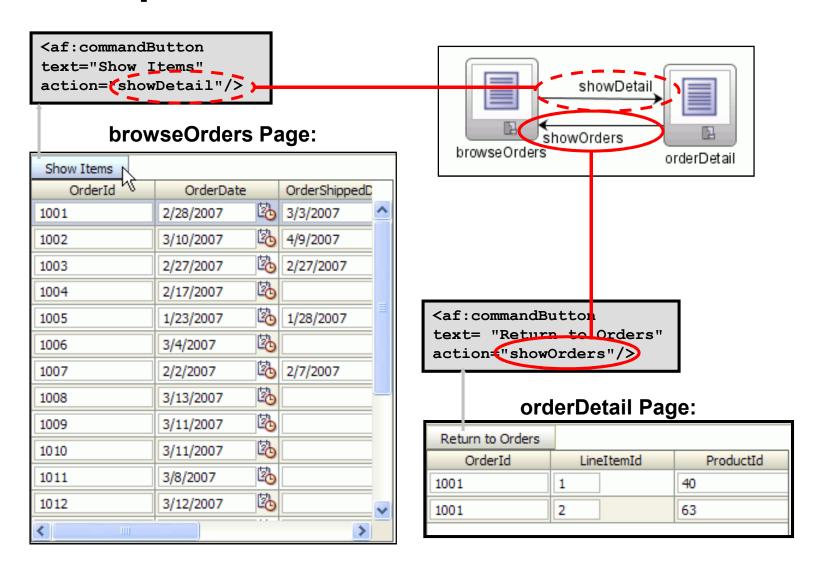
• i Vild Card Control Flow Rule

- Represents a control flow rule that can originate from any activities whose ids match a wildcard expression.
- Uses trailing wildcard such as foo*

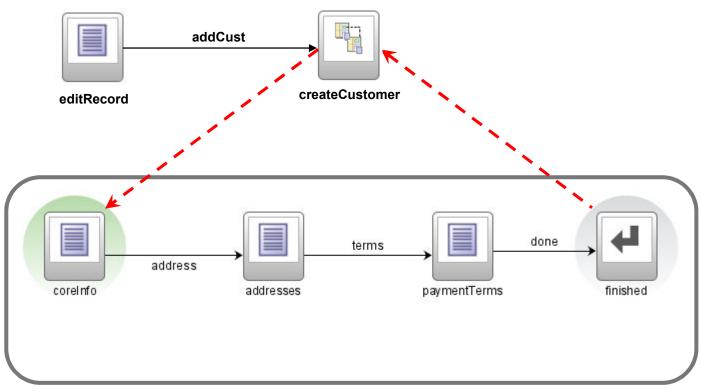
Parent Action

Option to call a parent navigation flow from a region

Example of ADF Control Flow Rules



Bounded Task Flow Example



Bounded Task Flow

Bounded Task Flows



- Can be nested within and called from other task flows
 - Invoked Task flow call activity
 - Treated like any other activity
 - Parent is suspended whilst the sub-flow has "focus"
- Has a defined API
 - Parameters and outcomes (just like view activities)
- Has a strict entry point users can't just jump to a page
 - Special handling for the browser back button
- Initializer and Finalizer code can be defined
 - Automatically run
- Can be created based on templates

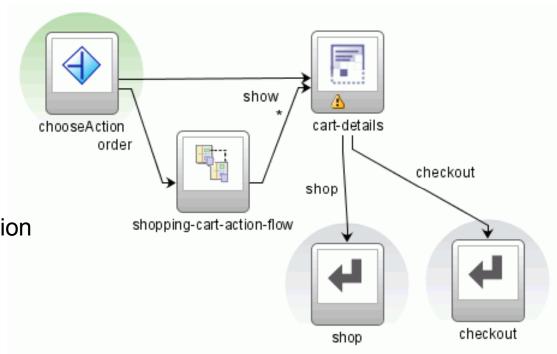
Taskflow Private Scope

- Task flows have a private memory scope pageFlowScope
 - Plus usual requestScope, sessionScope, applicationScope
- Accessed via EL like the other scopes
 - #{pageFlowScope.bean}
- Private to each flow instance
 - This allows nesting and reuse
- Map data in/out in call activities and task flow returns



Conditional Navigation

- Router activities:
 - Use expressions that evaluate to true or false
 - Define from-outcomes based on the value of the expression



Exploring a Task Flow

Transactional Semantics

- Bounded task flows can define transaction boundaries
 - When a flow is started, you can define:
 - A new transactional state should be created
 - The existing state should be reused
 - Declarative automatic commit or rollback when the flow ends
 - Depending on end state if required

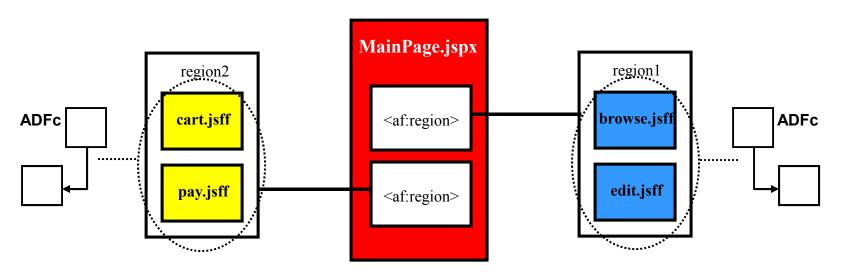
Create or Edit Bounded Task Flow Example

It's Not Just Pages

- Bounded task flows can be made up of page fragments (.jsff files)
- Such flows can then be embedded into pages as "regions"
- This is a very common pattern allowing the creation of complex pages made up of a series of re-usable components (ie. Task Flows)
- Just drag and drop the flow into the page

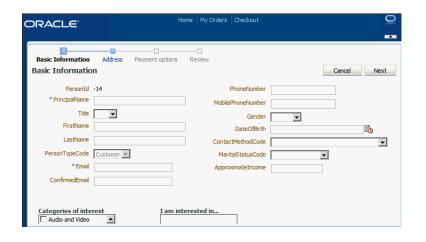
Regions

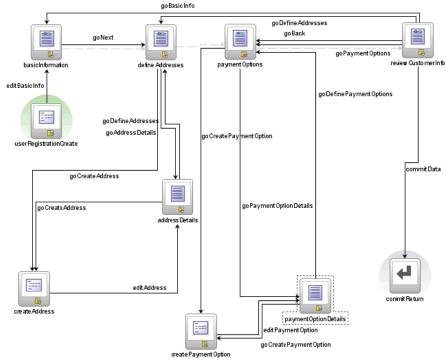
- Regions in ADF Faces RC
 - host reusable page flows
 - have their own Managed-beans
 - have their own ADFm Page Definitions.
 - use page-fragment (jsff)
- For More Interactive Region Selection, Can Be Dynamic



Regions

Trains





- Progression of related activities within a taskflow
- Trainstops point to view activities
 - Activities are grouped with sub taskflows or with wildcards
- Configured to be sequential or nonsequential
- Trainstops can be skipped

Making View Activities Bookmarkable

- You can enable users to save a view activity as a bookmark:
 - Available only in unbounded task flows
 - Can designate in Property Inspector at design time
 - Can designate at run time with viewBookmarkable() method
 - Can optionally specify:
 - URL parameters
 - Method to invoke before view is rendered
- You can use the redirect option for a view activity instead of making it bookmarkable.

Bounded vs. Unbounded Taskflows

Unbounded

- First entry on task flow stack
- No well-defined boundary or single point of entry
- Cannot be used as a region on a page
- Not securable on its own; uses page security
- Cannot manage transactions or save for later
- Cannot be called
- Does not accept parameters
- Can use bookmarks

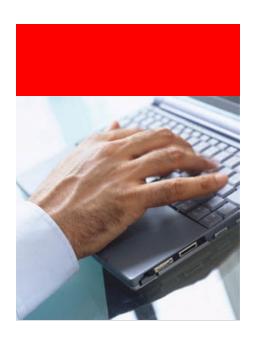
Bounded

- Added to task flow stack when called
- Single point of entry, with zero or more exit points
- Use as region on page with page fragments:
 - Can accept input parameters
 - Can return values
- Can be secured separately from containing page
- Declarative transaction management, save for later
- Must be called to be invoked
- Can accept parameters

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

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